

Benefit analysis of the utilization of electric cars on the example of ProCredit bank Serbia's car fleet

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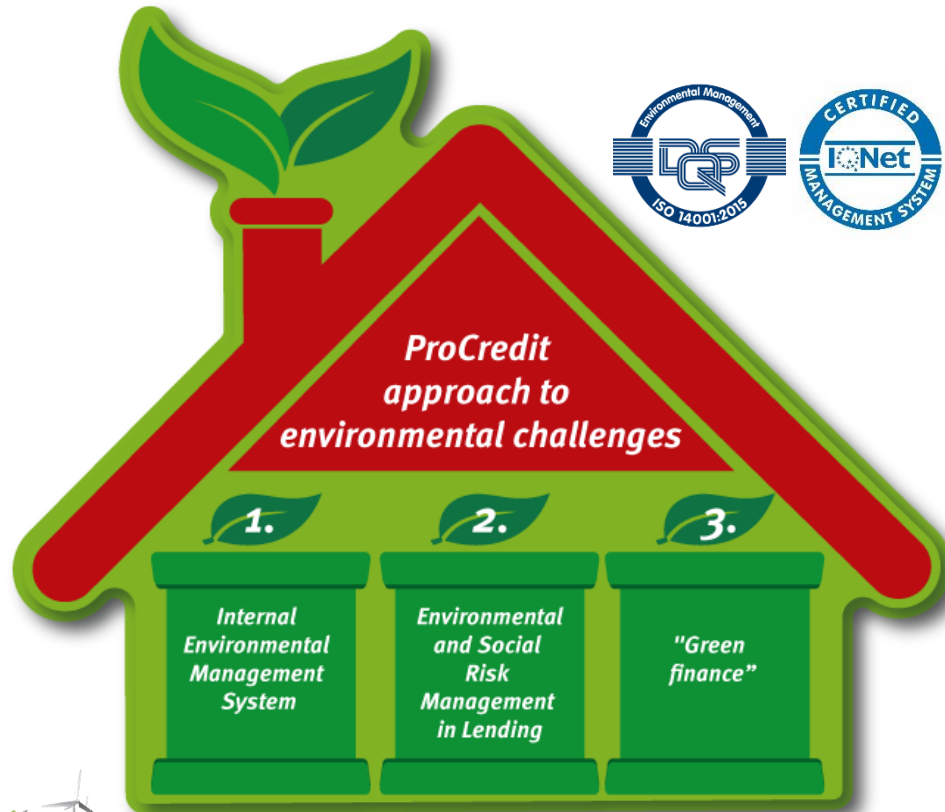


Introduction

- Climate change imposes challenges to the sustainable development
- Paris Agreement's goal is to keep the global warming well below 2°C compared with the pre-industrial period
- It is necessary to take multiple adaptation and mitigation measures to fulfill the goal
- Transport is one of the main contributors to the GHG emissions and its impact on climate change and human health is tremendous
- According to the World Health Organisation, around 100,000 premature deaths in Europe are connected to air pollution
- Alternative solutions for transport are possible
- Use of Electric Vehicle (EV) is one of the possibilities
- The present use of conventional Diesel Vehicle (DV) is a big problem



Environmental Management System at ProCredit bank Serbia



• Internal EMS:

- Collection of data on consumption of energy and resources;
- Annual Environmental Plan of measures with aim to decrease of the negative impact;
- Awareness raising among staff;
- Green suppliers of the bank.

Transport is significant contributor to the bank's impact on the environment.



Car fleet overview

- Overview of the car fleet and share of low-emission vehicles

<i>Car make and model</i>	<i>Number</i>
Škoda Superb	3
Škoda Octavia	6
Škoda Fabia 1.6 TDI	10
Ford Fiesta 1.6 TDCi	<i>21</i>
Toyota Prius 1.8 Hybrid	6
Volkswagen E-UP	7
TOTAL	53
Share of EV and HEV in the total fleet	24.5%



DV Ford Fiesta Econetic 1.6 TDCi:

- Engine power: 66 kW
- Consumption per specification: 3.3 l/100km
- Carbon-dioxide emissions per specification: 87 g/km



EV Volkswagen E-UP:

- Engine power: 60 kW
- Battery capacity: 18.7 kWh
- Charging time: 5h
- Maximum distance: 160 km
- Energy consumption per specification: 11.7 kWh/100km



EV charger with SPP

- The bank installed the charger and SPP in front of its Head Office in Belgrade in 2017
- Total installed power of SPP is 4.5 kW
- 18 polycrystalline solar panels, each 250 W
- Inverter: Fronius Primo (5 kW)
- Installed charger: Schneider EV link Smart Wallbox 22 kW
- Projected annual energy production of SPP 3,607 kWh



Comparative analysis of CO₂eq emissions

- Two vehicles are compared based on the real mileage in March 2018 in urban conditions (both vehicles covered ca. 300 km)
- Example 1: EV charging on non-solar energy network

Parameters (March 2018)	Electric vehicle E-UP	Ford Fiesta Econetic 1.6 TDCi
a) Actual monthly consumption	16.46 kWh/100 km	5.63 l/100 km * 10,033 kWh/l = 56.48 kWh/100 km
b) Emission factor	0.711 kgCO ₂ eq/kWh	0.267 kgCO ₂ eq/kWh
Emission per 100 km a) x b)	11.7 kgCO₂eq	15.1 kgCO₂eq

- CO₂eq emission referring to EVs charged on the network from the energy mix in urban driving conditions is lower by **22.51%** compared to the DV's equivalent CO₂ emission
- When driving on the open road DV consumes 4.5 l/100km, therefore savings in GHG emissions are **reduced to only 3%** compared with EV's indirect emissions



Comparative analysis of CO₂eq emissions

- Two vehicles are compared based on the real mileage in March 2018 in urban conditions (both vehicles covered ca. 300 km)
- Example 2: EV charging via the SPP
- SPP produced 125 kWh in March 2018

Parameters (March 2018)	Electric vehicle E-UP	Ford Fiesta Econetic 1.6 TDCi
a) Actual monthly consumption	16.46 kWh/100 km	5.63 l/100 km * 10,033 kWh/l = 56.48 kWh/100 km
b) Emission factor	0 kgCO ₂ eq/kWh	0.267 kgCO ₂ eq/kWh
Emission per 100 km a) x b)	0 kgCO₂eq	15.1 kgCO₂eq

- CO₂eq emission savings – 100%
- Projected annual production from SPP: 3,607 kWh - enough to cover distance of 21,728 km



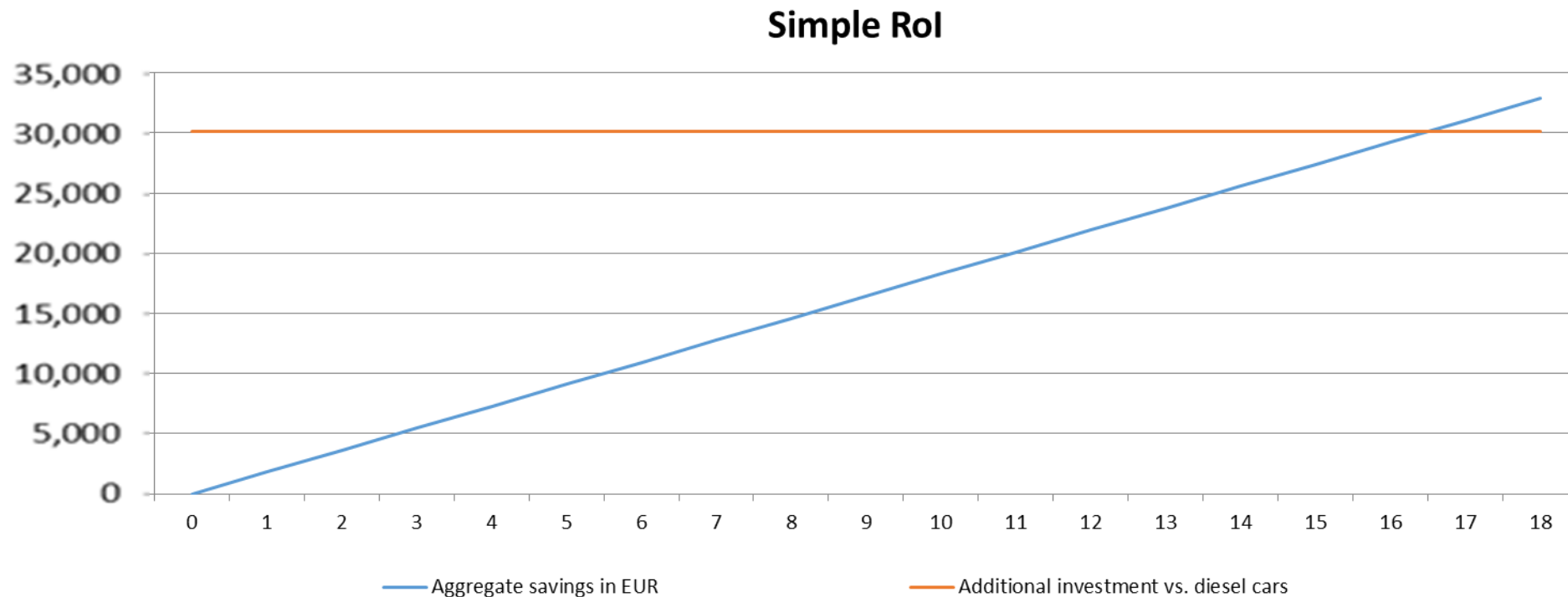
Cost-effectiveness analysis

Parameters	Volkswagen E-UP	Ford Fiesta Econetic 1.6 TDCi
Investment value of new vehicles	EUR 29,000 + EUR 14,000 for charger and SPP = EUR 43,000	EUR 12,900
Fuel costs	EUR 0/kWh	EUR/l 1.37
Registration costs	RSD 18,000	RSD 22,000
GPS costs	RSD 12,240	RSD 12,240
Washing costs	RSD 6,000	RSD 6,000
Tyre replacement costs	RSD 4,000	RSD 4,000
Service – battery check, filter replacement, cab air, pollen filter	RSD 6,000	RSD 30,000
Other costs – solar charger	RSD 12,000	RSD 2,000
Total maintenance costs	RSD 58,240 (EUR 500)	RSD 76,240 (EUR 650)
Maintenance savings	EUR 650 - EUR 500 = EUR 150	
Fuel consumption for 21,728 km	3,607 kWh * 0 EUR/kWh = 0 EUR	1,223 l * EUR/l 1.37 = EUR 1,675
TOTAL SAVINGS (fuel and maintenance)	EUR 1,675 + EUR 150 = EUR 1,825	



Cost-effectiveness analysis

- *Simple RoI* = $\frac{\text{difference in investment}}{\text{savings/p.a.}} = \frac{EUR (29,000+14,000) - EUR(12,900)}{EUR1,675+150} = \frac{EUR 30,100}{EUR 1,825} = \mathbf{16.5 \text{ years}}$



Conclusions

- Savings in GHG emissions of the observed EV in urban driving compared to DVs amount to **22.51%** while for open road driving of DVs (lower consumption), calculated savings amount to **3%**.
- However, if we take into account future changes of Serbia's energy share, savings effects regarding the use of EVs would be significantly higher.
- On the other hand, driving this particular EV, which is charged via solar panel chargers **allows 100% savings in emissions**, which has a positive impact on pollution reduction, especially in urban areas.
- Installed SPP's annually projected output allows "clean" transportation for **21.728 km**.
- Return on investment, based on the current conditions, is relatively unfavorable – **16.5 years**
- Set of measures on macro level, such as import reliefs, purchase subsidies, cost-free registration, free parking and possibility to use so called yellow lane in the cities, needs to be imposed in order to intensify demand for EV.



Thank you for your attention!



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